

Puget Sound EPA Benthos Grant: Comparison of Sampling Methods and Updated Taxa Attributes



Jo Wilhelm & Deb Lester, King County
Leska Fore, Statistical Design
Karen Adams, WA Department of Ecology
Gretchen Hayslip, EPA Region 10

Overview

- Regional monitoring issues that initiated this project
- Key Project Goals
- Methods and Preliminary Results
 - Reconcile differences in sampling methods
 - Update taxa attributes
- Next steps

EPA Scientific Studies and Technical Investigation Assistance Program

Support technical studies to guide and evaluate implementation of PSP's Action Agenda



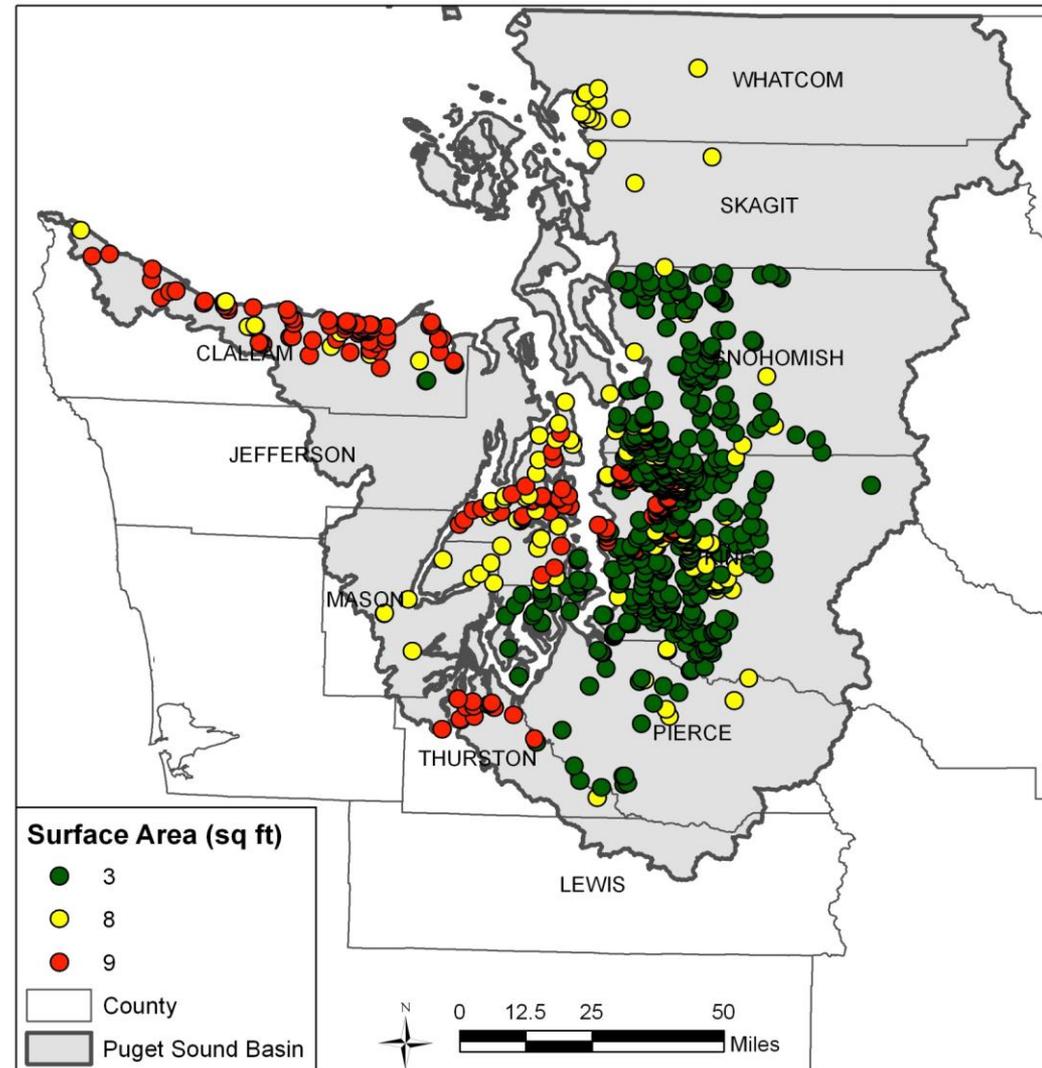
Regional Benthic Monitoring Issues

Limitations	Desired Outcomes
Differing collection methods	Standardization
Decentralized data mgmt	Centralized data mgmt
Outdated taxa attributes	Peer-reviewed or Empirically derived attributes
Insufficient BIBI sensitivity	Re-calibrated scoring
>20 cities, counties, tribes monitoring independently	Collaboration and communication

Goal: Improved decision making to restore and protect streams

Reconcile Differences in Sampling Methods

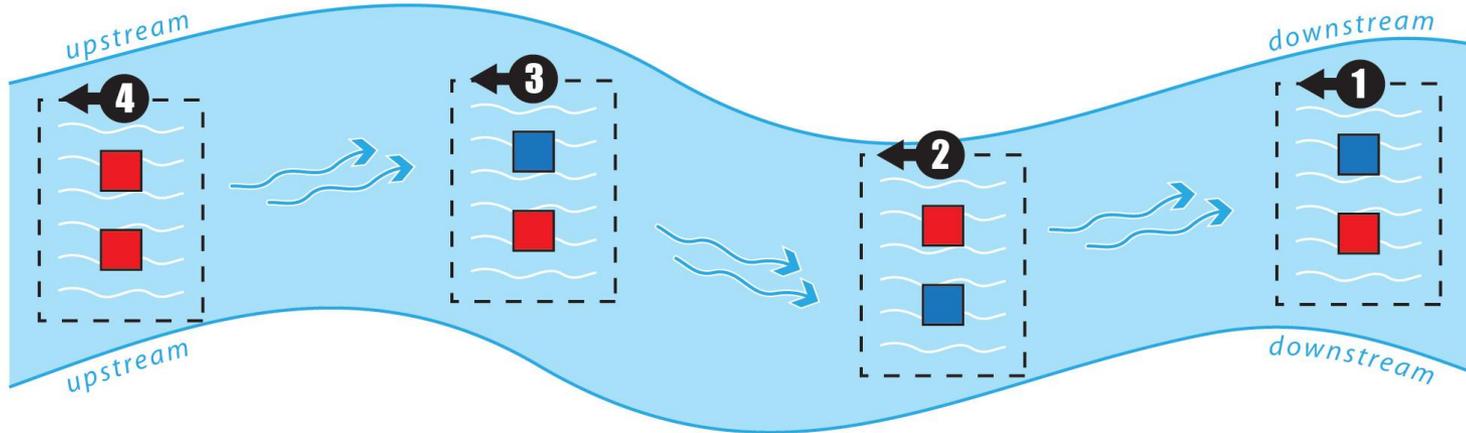
- 🐛 Ecology requires $\geq 8\text{ft}^2$ samples for inclusion in State WQ Assessment
- 🐛 Reluctance to shift to 8ft^2 - concern for orphaned data
- 🐛 Need for better understanding of data comparability or tool to allow data comparability



Sample Collection Methods – 3ft² vs. 8ft²

STREAM REACH SAMPLE COLLECTION

- Sample each riffle twice, 1 ft² per sample
- Move from downstream to upstream
- 3 ft²: collect one sample from three riffles
- 5 ft²: collect one sample from three riffles and two from a fourth riffle



■ Sample composited into total 3 ft² area

■ Sample composited into total 5 ft² area

▭ Fast-moving habitat (riffle)

→ Stream flow

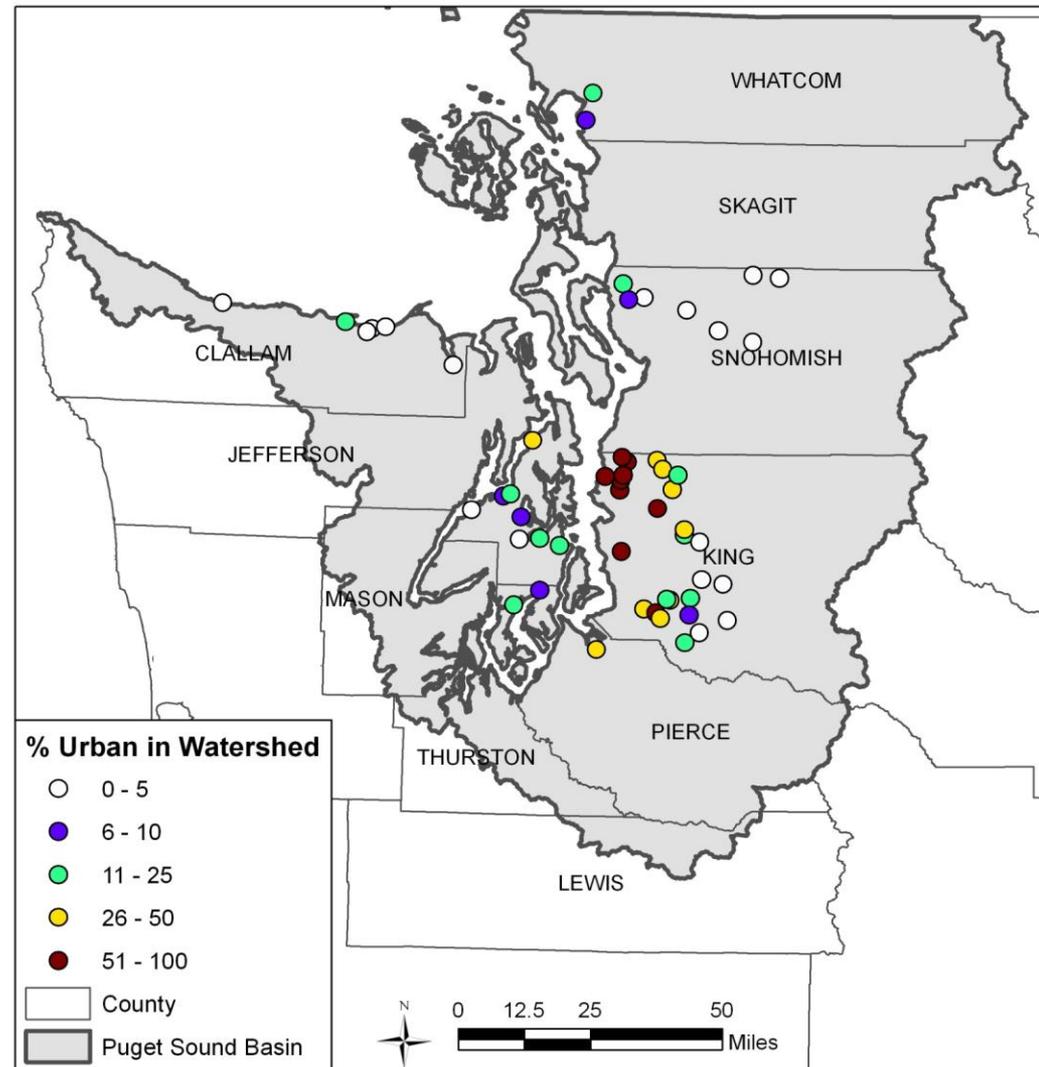
Sampling Locations

 55 Sites

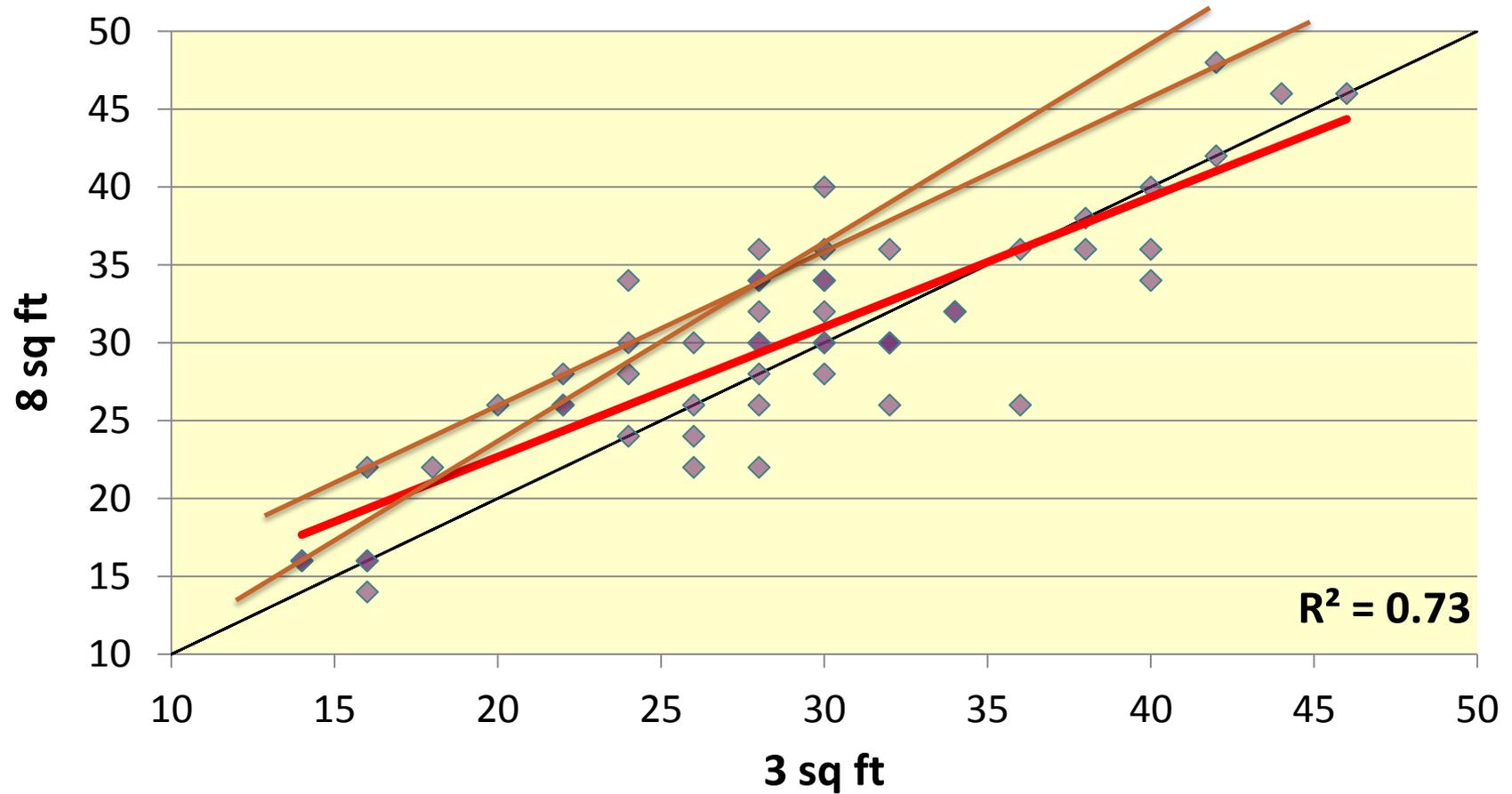
 9 Partners

 Elevation 4-330 m

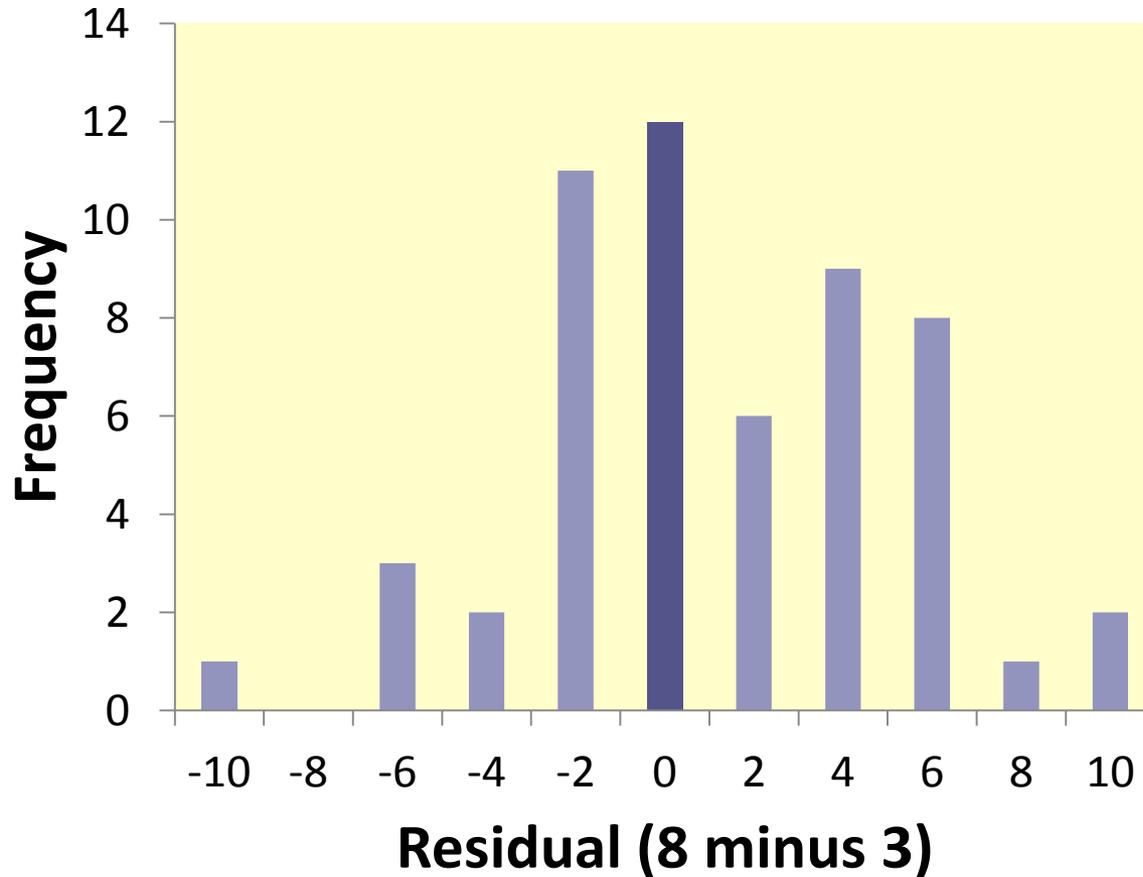
 0-93% Urban



Results: Overall BIBI Score - 3 vs. 8 sq ft



Overall BIBI Score: Residuals



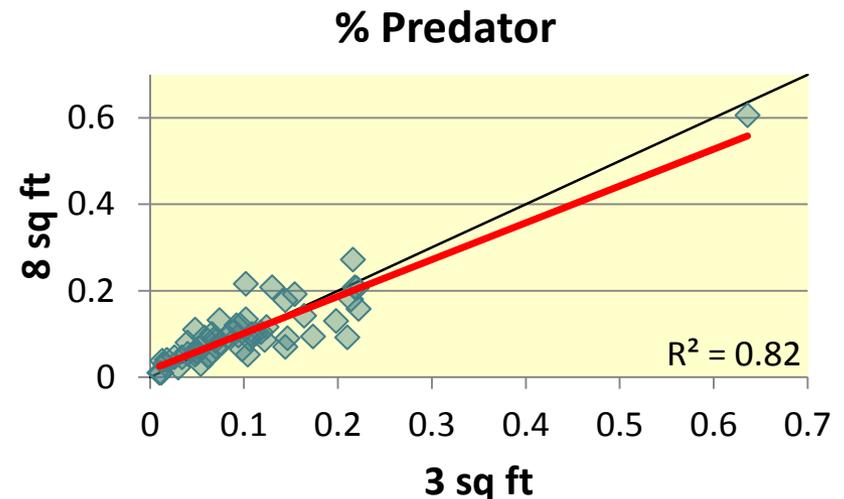
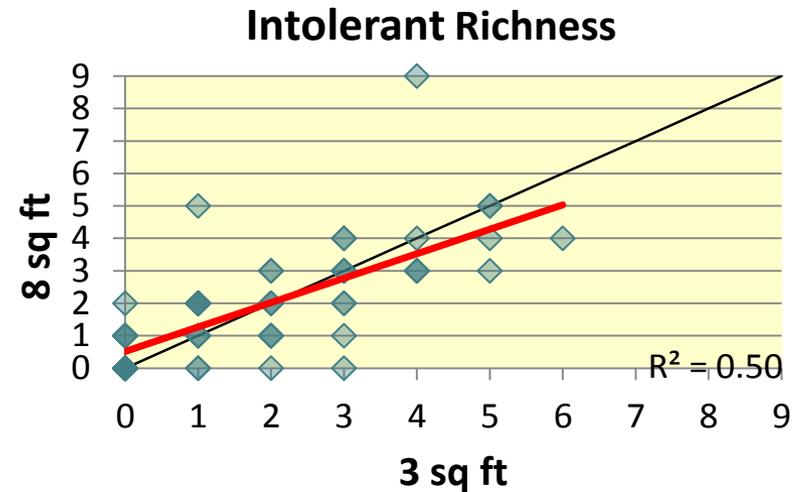
 Mean = 1.2

 $p < 0.05$

 Biologically
meaningful?

Individual BIBI Metrics

Metric	R ²	Mean Residual
Total Taxa	0.54	<u>2.33</u>
Mayfly Taxa	0.72	-0.16
Stonefly Taxa	0.66	<u>0.65</u>
Caddisfly Taxa	0.57	0.27
Long-lived Taxa	0.58	0.27
Intolerant Taxa	0.50	<u>0.05</u>
% Tolerant	0.62	-0.01
% Predator	0.82	0.00
Clinger Taxa	0.74	<u>1.13</u>
% Dominance	0.54	0.00



Paired Sample Analysis Conclusions

A little more analysis needed, but...

🪳 No additional 2012 sampling

🪳 No “cross-walk” required

🪳 Data are comparable



Strengthen Sensitivity of Taxa Attributes



PL-BIBI Metrics

Total Taxa

Mayfly Taxa

Stonefly Taxa

Caddisfly Taxa

Long-lived Taxa

Intolerant Taxa

% Tolerant individuals

% Predator individuals

Clinger Taxa

% Dominance

Update
Using
Published
Literature



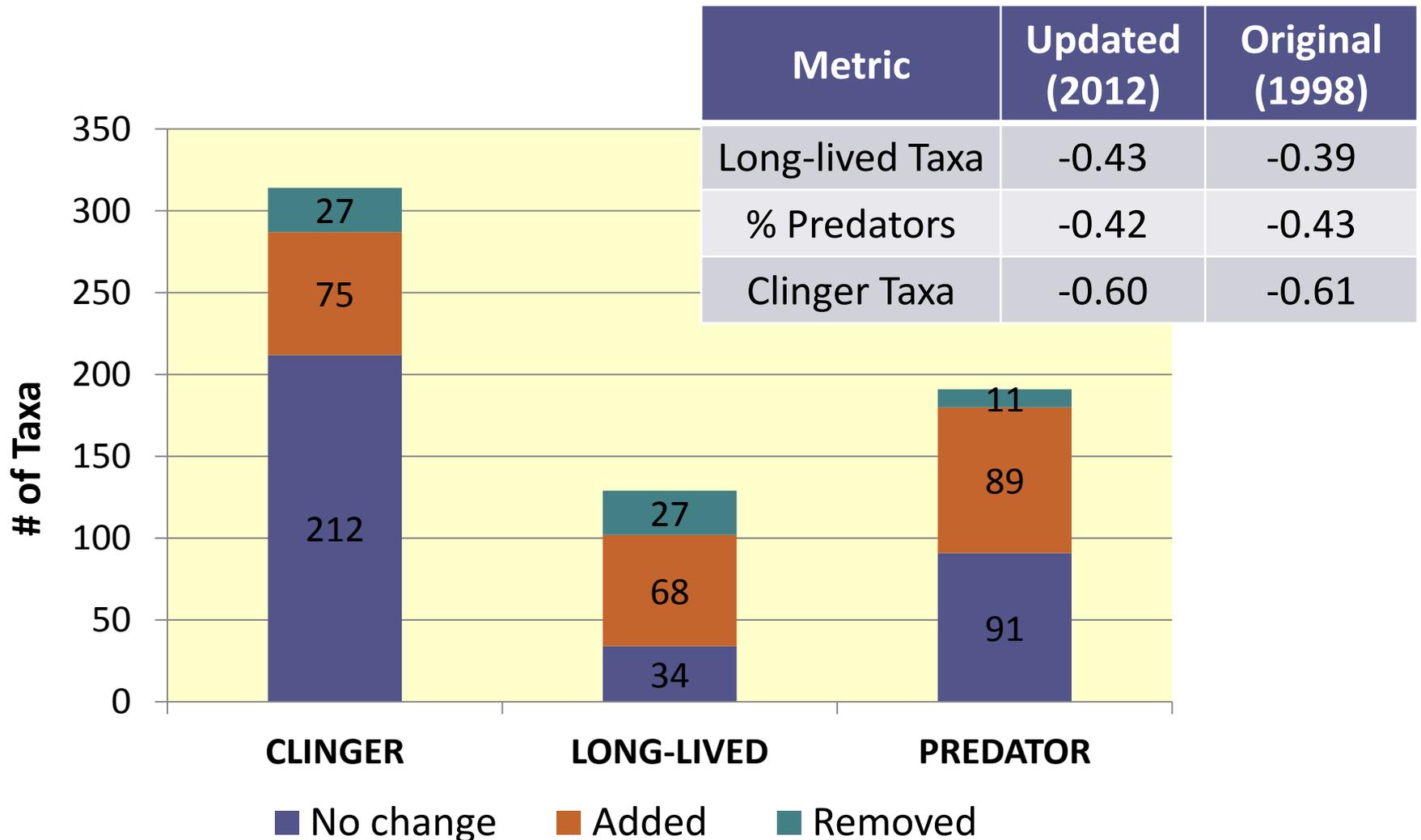
Update with
Existing Data



Published Literature Updates

Attribute	Taxa Group	Primary resource
Long-lived	stoneflies	Stewart and Stark 2002
	caddisflies	Wiggins 1996
	non-insects	Pennak 1989, Thorp and Covich 2001
	clams	Mackie 2007
	other mollusks	Dillon 2000
	other insect taxa	Huryh et al. 2008, Poff et al. 2006
Predator	insects	Merritt et al. 2008
	non-insects	Pennak 1989, Thorp and Covich 2001
Clinger	insects	Merritt et al. 2008
	non-insects	not applicable

Attribute Changes: 1998 vs. 2012



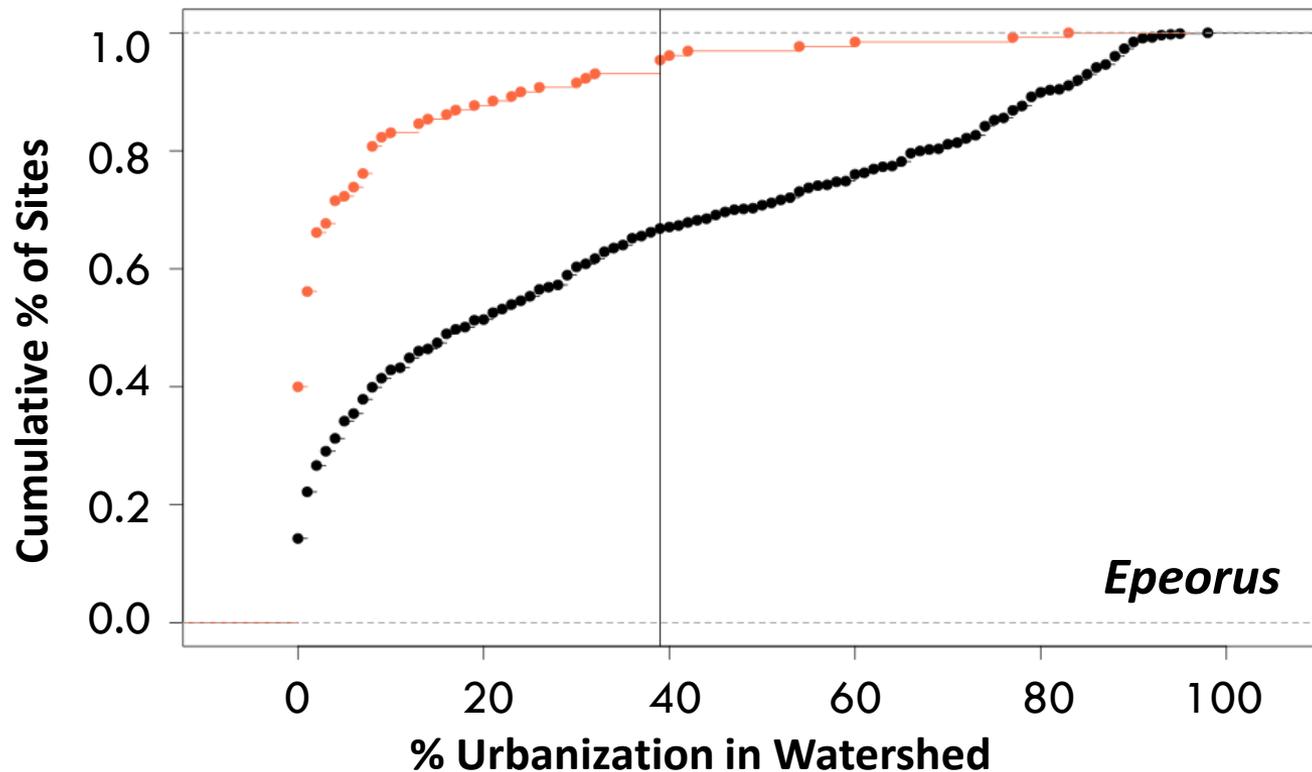
Tolerant & Intolerant Taxa Testing

 N = 784 sites (most recent)

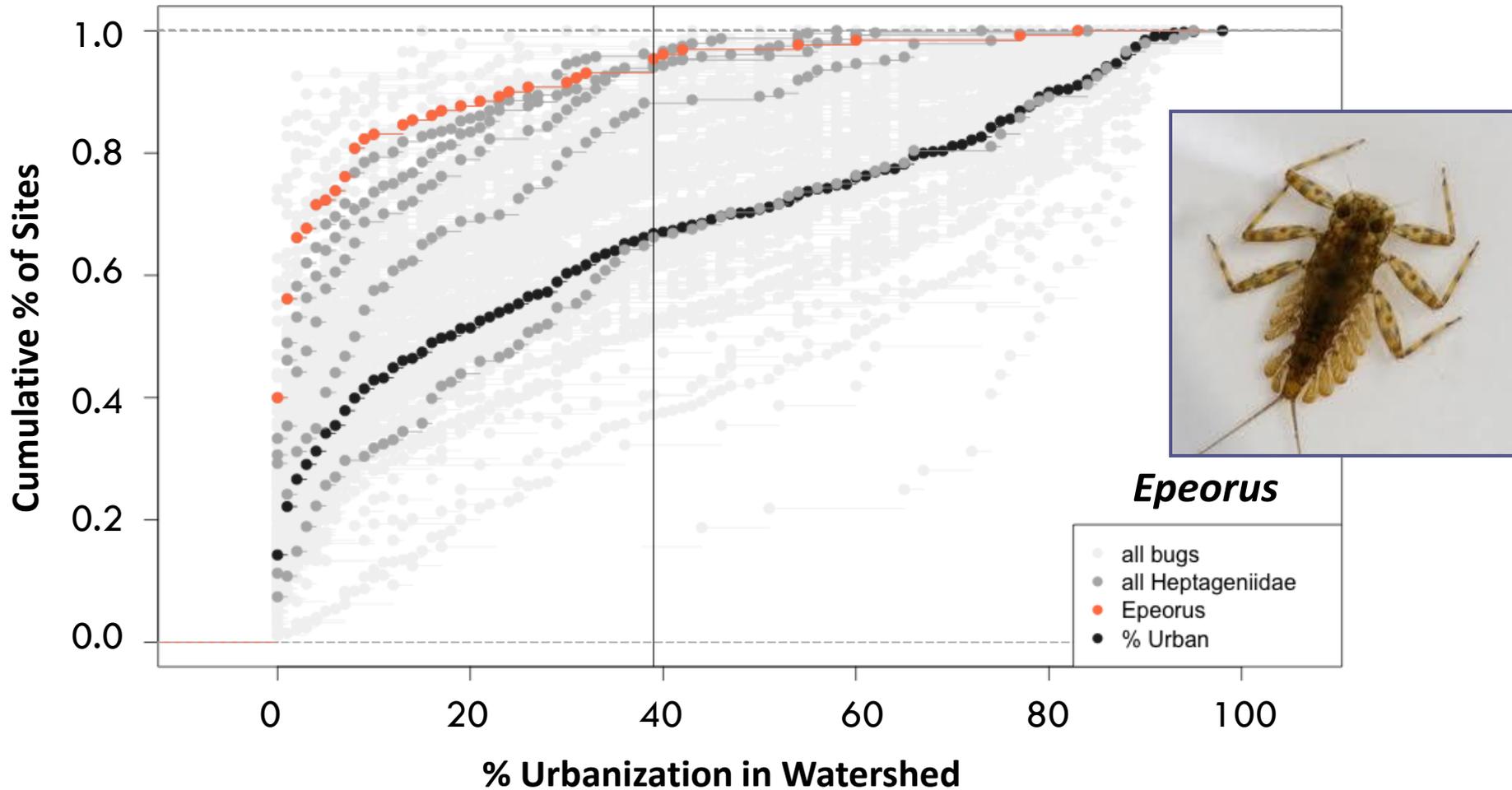
 ≥ 25 occurrences

 Genus level or higher

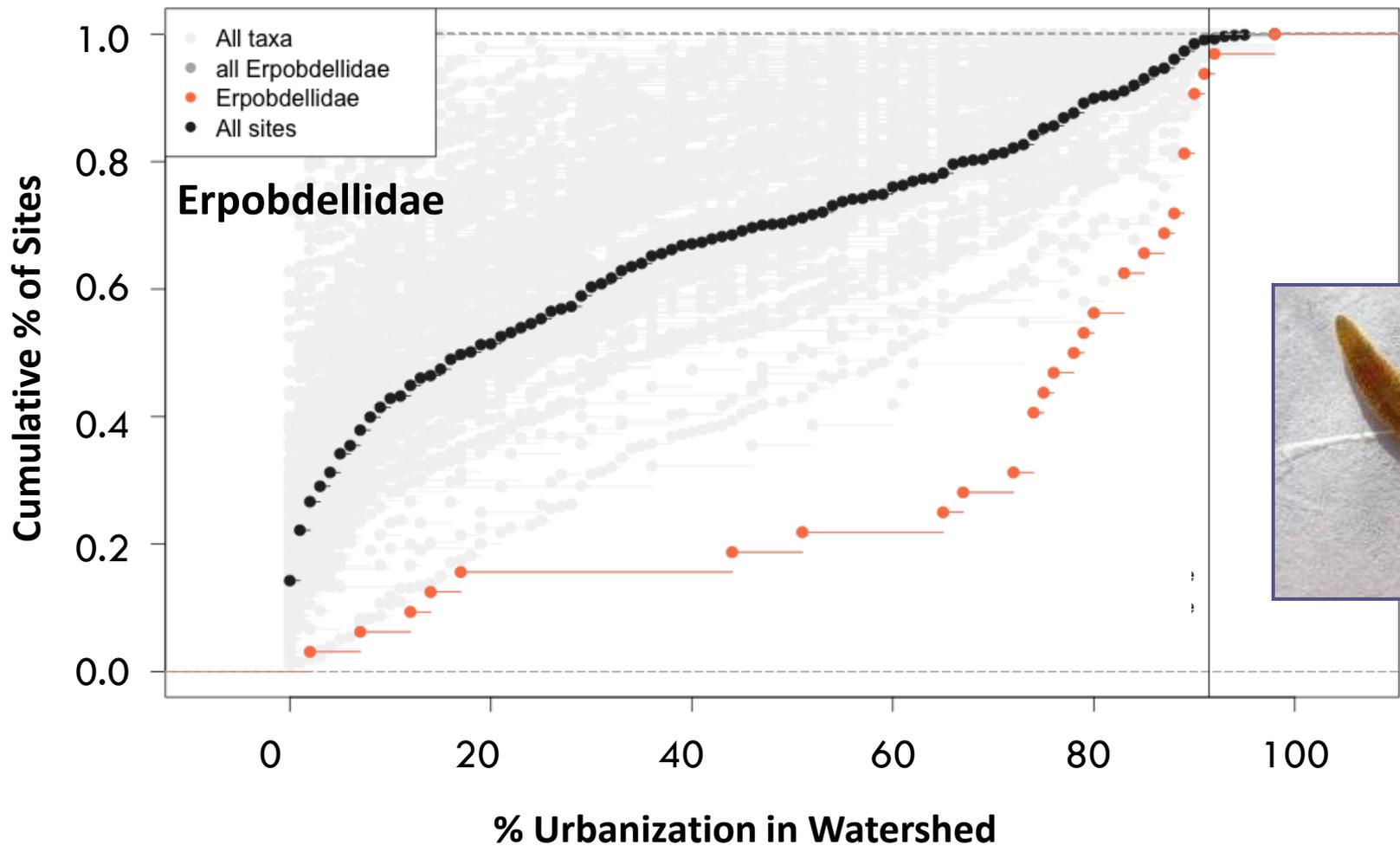
 155 taxa tested



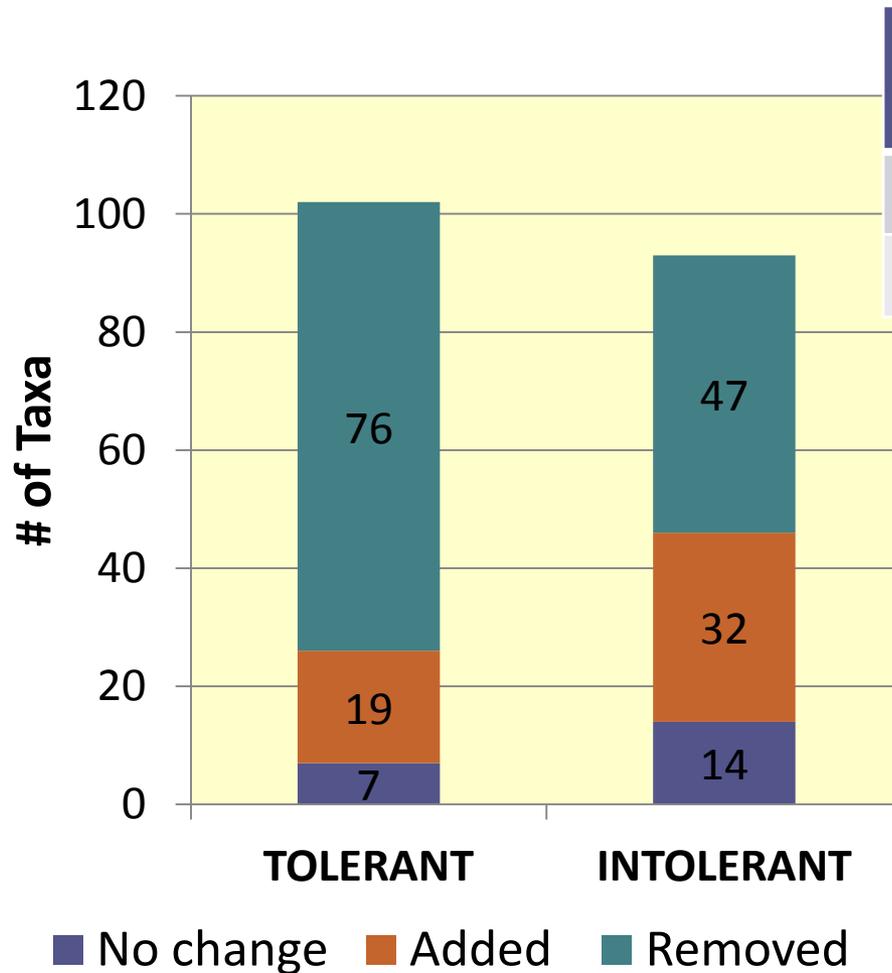
Example of an Intolerant Taxon



Example of a Tolerant Taxon

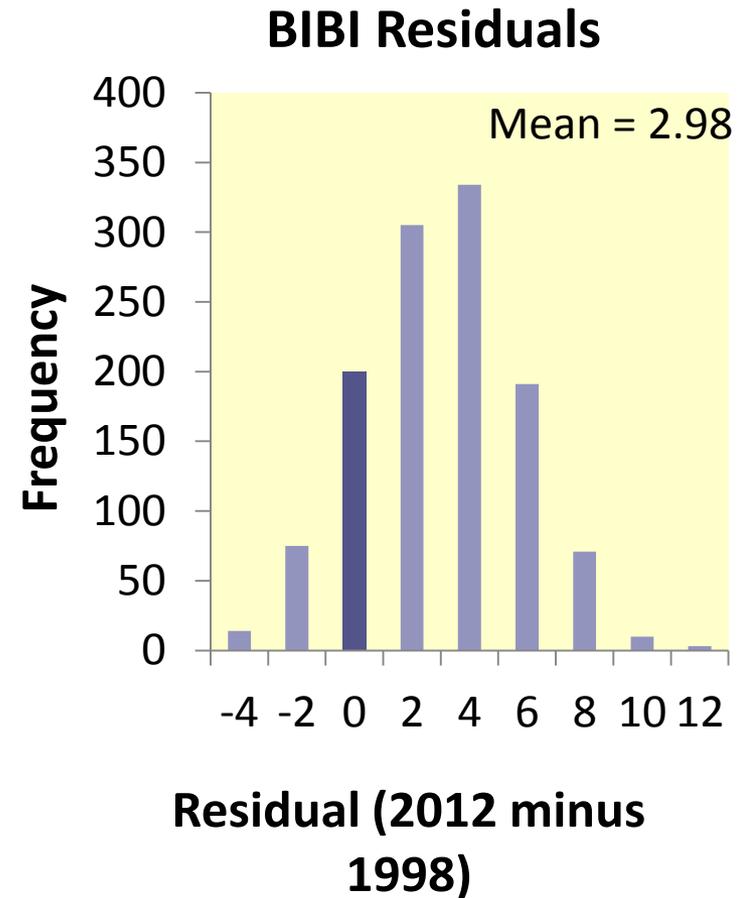
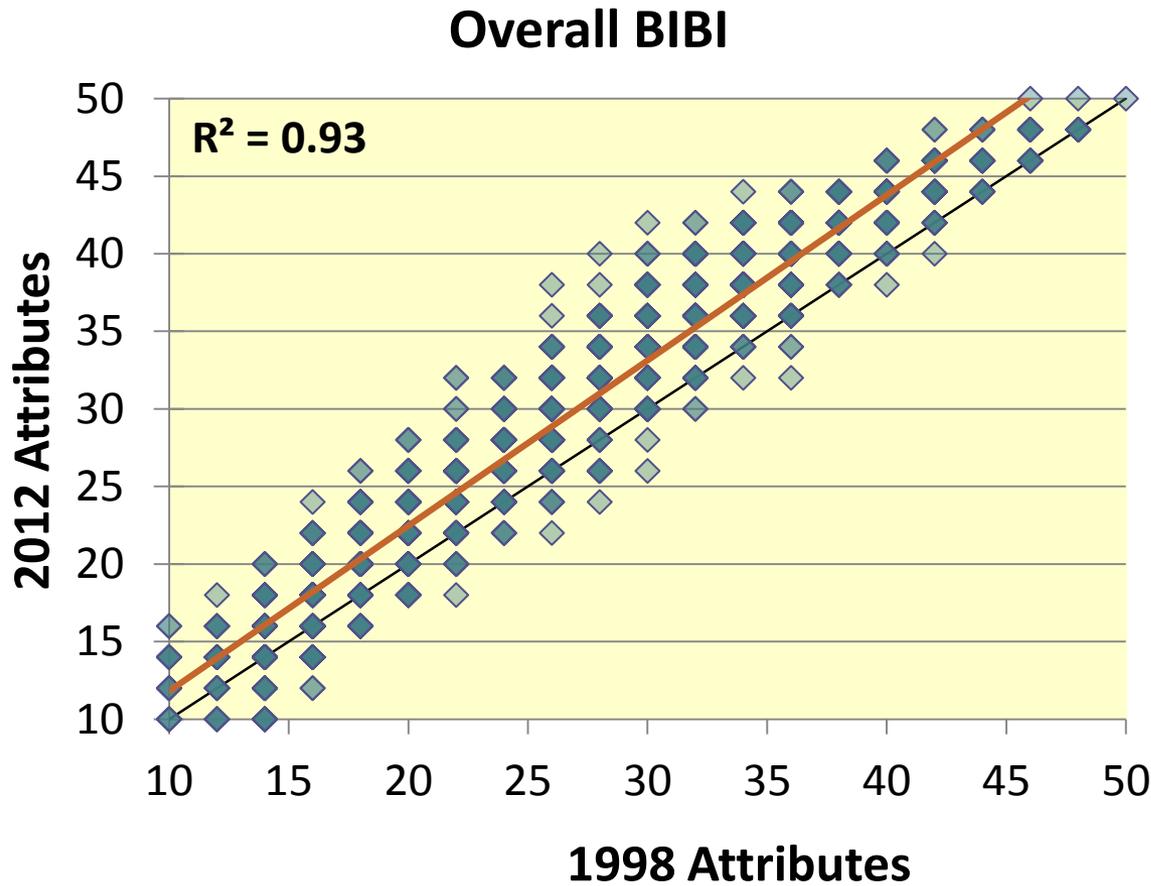


Attribute Changes: 1998 vs. 2012



Metric	Updated (2012)	Original (1998)
Tolerant	0.62	0.47
Intolerant	-0.75	-0.52

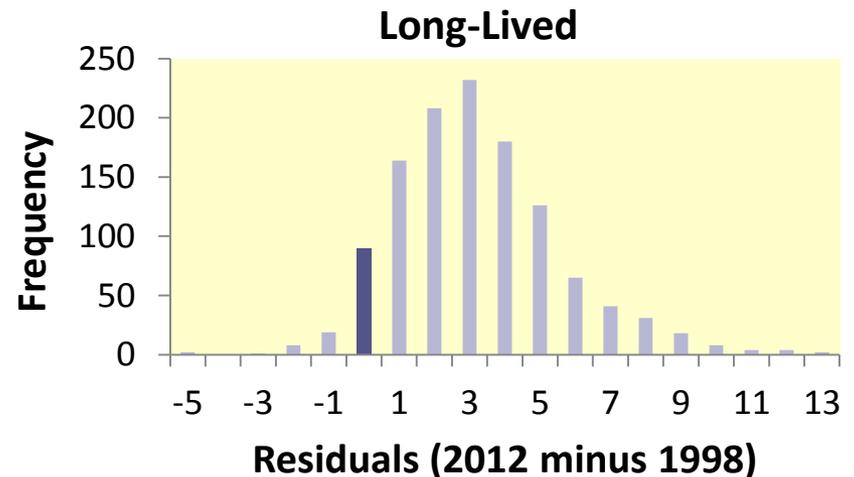
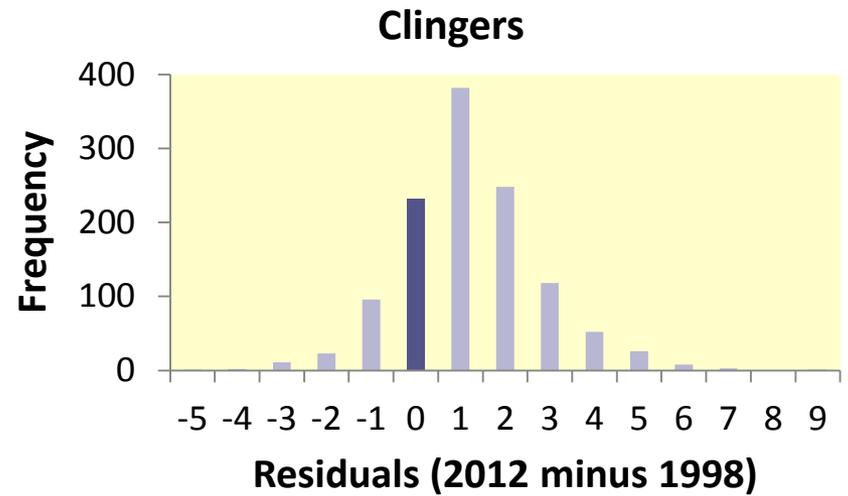
BIBI Scores: Attributes Compared



BIBI Metrics: Influence of Attributes

Metric	R ²	Mean Residual*
Long-lived Taxa	0.41	3.2
Intolerant Taxa	0.49	1.35
Clinger Taxa	0.95	1.21
% Tolerant	0.07	-1.96 %
% Predator	0.96	0.46 %

* All mean residuals are significantly different than 0 ($p < 0.05$)



Taxa Attribute Conclusions

- ✂ Significant changes to attribute lists, especially predator, long lived and tolerant/intolerant taxa
- ✂ Many rare taxa dropped from tolerant and intolerant lists
- ✂ No change to structure of B-IBI – all metrics highly correlated with % urbanization
- ✂ Taxa attribute updates may require some recalibration



Next Steps

- Finalize attributes
- Recalibrate BIBI and adjust scoring
- Reanalyze 3 vs. 8 with updated attributes
- Incorporate changes into PSSB
- Biological Condition Gradient process/Indicator refinement



Acknowledgements

Federal

EPA
NOAA
USFWS
USGS

State

WA Ecology

County

Clallam
King
Kitsap
Pierce
Snohomish
Thurston

City

Bellevue
Bellingham
Bothell
Everett
Issaquah
Kirkland
Redmond
Seattle
Tukwila

Private

Aquatic Biology Associates
Aquatic Entomology
Rhithron Associates, Inc.

Academic

University of Washington

Non-profit

Pierce Stream Team
Statistical Design
Lake Forest Park Streamkeepers

Tribe

Port Gamble Skallam Tribe
Snoqualmie Nation
Stillaguamish Tribe
Upper Skagit Indian Tribe

A close-up photograph of stream benthos, showing several dark, segmented organisms (likely caddisfly larvae) resting on a light-colored, textured surface (possibly a rock or piece of wood). The background is a blurred stream bed with various sized rocks and pebbles.

Deb Lester
deborah.lester@kingcounty.gov

Jo Wilhelm
jo.wilhelm@kingcounty.gov

www.pugetsoundstreambenthos.org